



# Curriculum Map 2024-25

Scheme of work: Criminology Unit 2 Year 12

https://criminology.uk.net/wp-content/uploads/2022/12/Criminology\_student-WB-U2.pdf

workbook that contains activities & worksheets.

https://criminology.uk.net/book-one-activities/

activities with worksheets

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
1.1 Compare criminal	After studying this Topic, students will be able to:	Getting started activity p77	Webb & Townend,	Activity p77 Norms	Preparing for the exam questions p83
behaviour	Compare criminal behaviour and deviance: Criminal behaviour  social definition  legal definition  formal sanctions against criminals	Activity p77 Norms  Activity p78 Defining deviance  Activity p79 Sanctions against deviance  Activity p82	Criminology Book One, pp77- 83	ľ	describe two formal sanctions against criminals. (4 marks)     Explain the difference between deviance and crime, using examples of each. (7 marks)  The book contains question advice.
	<ul> <li>Deviance</li> <li>norms, moral codes and values</li> <li>informal and formal sanctions against deviance</li> <li>forms of deviance</li> <li>Understand: how criminality and deviance is defined; acts</li> </ul>	Sentencing			Examples questions students can practice in class before formal assessment:  1. Explain why it is difficult to define the word crime (4 marks)

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
	that are criminal; acts that are deviant; acts that are both criminal and deviant; the implications of committing a criminal and/or deviant act.  Synoptic links: Students should also understand the impact of reporting on public perceptions of crime and deviance				<ol> <li>Explain the term deviance and use examples to support your comments (4 marks)</li> <li>Describe formal sanctions against criminals (4 marks)</li> <li>Explain, with examples, the connection between the term's crime and deviance (6 marks)</li> <li>Compare criminality and deviance with reference to relevant examples (5 marks)</li> </ol>
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Ask the learners what they think is meant by the term 'crime'. Outline the social and legal definitions of crime.

Make a list of 5 crimes varying in seriousness. Make a table showing the crimes listed and the punishment for each crime.

Create a mind map showing the different types of crimes in England and Wales. Consider fatal offences, non-fatal offences against the person, property offences, sexual offences, public order offences, road traffic offences, drug offences, etc.

Explain what is meant by the term deviance. Ask the learners whether they think the people in these pictures are deviant or criminal: <a href="http://www.google.co.uk/search?q=punk+rockers&hl=en&client=fire">http://www.google.co.uk/search?q=punk+rockers&hl=en&client=fire</a> fox- a&hs=ltT&rls=org.mozilla:enGB:official&prmd=imvns&tbm=isch&tb

# Requirements

Ensure students have a

checklist of key terms that they are either provided or ask them to create each lesson.
For example
Lesson 1 – key terms: compare, crime, deviance, actus reus, mens rea.

Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
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	society treat the individuals in the et them in the street?	e pictures? How would	the individuals in o	class treat	
label one circle criminal and a Examples: Speeding Burglary Naked sunbath Robbery Smoking Theft Stealing from Hoarding news Excessive was Downloading of Murder Cross-dressing	a friend spapers shing of hands. of music	tare			
Create a short put who are not and ask for their					

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
1.2 Explain the social construction of criminality	of criminality including the following:  • how laws change from culture to culture  • how laws change over time	drugs Activity p89 Gun control	Webb & Townend, <i>Criminology</i> <i>Book One</i> , pp84- 93	Activity p86 Adultery  Question p87  Activity p90 Legal age limits  Activity p92 You be the judge	Preparing for the exam question p93 – 9 marks – you will need to get this from the book. There is an example answer provided.

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
Suggested act	ivities		•	•	Requirements
Individual rese Afghanistan ht Look at the we http://www.tele	Ensure students have a checklist of key terms that they are either provided or ask them to create each lesson.				
•	over time 2.2 ) students from the in England and wales since 19	•	•	the table	Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be
Make a list of a UK and criminate	actions that are criminal in the U al in the USA.	K and legal in the USA	and actions that a	re legal in the	uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.
(Activity quiz 2 than one answ	.3) students attempt the quiz, seleer.	ecting the appropriate ar	swers some may	have more	
should focus of manslaughter. Explain why the	case of Ruth Ellis. Ellis was con- on whether, according to the artic is judgement is made. Complete be been defended from being han	cle, Ellis should have be e further research on the	en convicted of m	nurder or	
	offence of bigamy and discover		egal.		
Learners are to ls it appropriat					
Create a Venn cand those that c					

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
2.1 Describe biological theories of criminality	Describe biological theories including:  • genetic theories such as;	Getting started activity p94 Activity p97 Twin and adoption studies Activity p98 Brain injury Activity p98 Testosterone	Webb & Townend, <i>Criminology</i> <i>Book One</i> , pp94- 99	Question p97	Preparing for the exam questions p99  Requirements Ensure students have a checklist of key terms that they are either provided or ask them to create each lesson.  Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.

Topic	Learning	Class Activities	Resources	Independent	Assessment after each AC.
	Objectives			Activities	

Individual research into the key theorists using genetic and physiological approaches. Useful exemplars of this approach to criminology include Lombroso and Sheldon: <a href="http://www.cerebromente.org.br/n01/frenolog/lombroso.htm">http://www.cerebromente.org.br/n01/frenolog/lombroso.htm</a>

http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2\_A QB\_crim\_physiologicalTheories.pdf

Explain why the case of Phineas Gage may be relevant to Biological theories of crime http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MvpIRN9D4D4

Make notes of the main finding found in the report on criminal offending and brain injury carried out by The Disabilities Trust <a href="http://www.thedtgroup.org/foundation/news/almost-half-of-male-offenders-have-a-brain-injury.aspx">http://www.thedtgroup.org/foundation/news/almost-half-of-male-offenders-have-a-brain-injury.aspx</a>

Research serotonin and its effects on behavior. Consider how levels can be altered by dietary control and why it might be appropriate to alter the levels.

Carry out the following task. The chef at a local Young Offenders Rehabilitation Unit wants some suitable diets for people with aggressive tendencies, he has approached you for advice, send an email with your recommendations.

2.2 Describe	After studying this Topic,	Getting started activity	Webb &	Question p101	Preparing for the exam question
		p100	Townend,		p106
theories of			Criminology	Question p102	
criminality	Describe individualistic	Activity p101 ld, ego	Book One,		Requirements
	theories including:	and superego	pp100-106	Activity p102	Ensure students have a
	<ul> <li>learning theories e.g.</li> </ul>			The Eysenck	checklist of key terms that they
	Bandura	Activity p104 Operant		Personality	are either provided or ask them
	<ul> <li>psychodynamic e.g. Freud</li> </ul>	conditioning		Questionnaire	to create each lesson.
	<ul> <li>psychological theories e.g.</li> </ul>				
	Eysenck	Activity p105 Social		•	Students need to be presented
		learning theory			with exam questions and
				, ,	responses – this will be
					uploaded on the t-drive with
				,	exam tips from the book.
				theory	

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.

Individual research into key theorists using psychological approaches. Useful exemplars of this approach include: Bandura (social learning), Freud (psychodynamic) and Eysenck (psychological theories) Kohlberg (moral development).

Information, presentations, activities and work sheets can be found at: http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/

Watch Bandura's bobo doll experiment: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmBqwWlJg8U">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dmBqwWlJg8U</a>

Heinz Dilemma - Kohlberg's stages of Moral Development (Interactive Animation) at: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5czp9S4u26M">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5czp9S4u26M</a>

Useful handout on' Psychodynamic theories of offending' at: <a href="http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2\_AQ\_B\_crim\_psychodynamicTheories.pdf">http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2\_AQ\_B\_crim\_psychodynamicTheories.pdf</a>

Collect some crime reports from newspapers, magazines or the internet. Analyse the content, specifically look for any reference to the **childhood** of the offender[s] in order to identify any possible reference to traumatic or emotionally painful events such as periods of separation from parent[s].

Create a magazine cover using one approach to an understanding of crime.

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
2.3 Describe sociological theories of criminality	After studying this Topic, students will be able to:  Describe sociological theories including:  • social structure e.g. Marxism, functionalism  • interactionism e.g. labelling  • realism e.g. left and right realism	Getting started activity p107 Activity p110 Labelling Activity p112 Marxism and crime Activity p115 Foucault	Webb & Townend, <i>Criminology</i> <i>Book One</i> , pp107-116	The functions of crime  Question p109  Question p112  Question p113  Question p114	Preparing for the exam questions p116  Requirements Ensure students have a checklist of key terms that they are either provided or ask them to create each lesson.  Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.

Topic	Learning	Class Activities	Resources	Independent	Assessment after each AC.
	Objectives			Activities	

Make notes about the Functionalist approach to criminality at: <a href="http://www.slideshare.net/RSJones/crime-and-deviance-functionalist-approach?related=2">http://www.slideshare.net/RSJones/crime-and-deviance-functionalist-approach?related=2</a>

Slideshow summarising social structure and crime: <a href="http://www.slideshare.net/jenvogt/social-theories-of-crime">http://www.slideshare.net/jenvogt/social-theories-of-crime</a> Merton's Strain theory <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fvVd9oOxTm8">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fvVd9oOxTm8</a>

Make notes about the labelling theory: <a href="http://www.historylearningsite.co.uk/sociology/crime-and-deviance/the-labelling-theory/">http://www.historylearningsite.co.uk/sociology/crime-and-deviance/the-labelling-theory/</a>

Then in groups write a short play or script to show this theory in action.

http://www.sociology.org.uk/pcdevmx.pdf - Is a handout which summarises the Traditional Marxist Perspectives on Crime and has several activity tasks

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3.1 Analyse	After studying this Topic,	Getting started activity	Webb &	Activity p119	Preparing for the exam question
situations of	students will be able to:	p117	Townend,	Applying	p124
criminality			Criminology	Marxist theory	
	Analyse situations relating to:	Activity p118 Corporate	Book One,	to the Ford	
	<ul> <li>different types of crime</li> </ul>	crime 1	pp117-124	Pinto case	Requirements
	individual criminal				Ensure students have a
	behaviour	Activity p122 Corporate		Activity p121	checklist of key terms that they
		crime 2		Applying	are either provided or ask them
	Have knowledge of a range of			biological	to create each lesson.
	crimes for example, crimes			theories to	
	against the person/property,			Darren's case	Students need to be presented
	white collar, corporate crime,				with exam questions and
	etc.				responses – this will be

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
	Analyse a range of crimes and criminal behaviour and understand possible causes through the application of the theories learned for LO2.				uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.

Research the childhood backgrounds of any notorious serial murderers such as Fred West or Harold Shipman. The focus should be on life history and not subsequent crimes.

Which theory of criminality could account for their criminal behaviour?

Divide the class into small groups and each one is to study a different crime (other than murder) and seek possible causes for the crime referring to the range of theories already discussed: burglary, rape, white collar crime, drugs offences and alcohol related crime.

Class discussion: 'To what extent did childhood experiences either indicate developing problems or appear to contribute to the later offending behaviour?'

Identify the difference between crime that has a high degree of tolerance (underage drinking and sexual activity) and crimes that are universally condemned (murder, child abuse). What differences are there in control techniques?

Is it possible to identify potential offenders before they offend? <a href="http://www.theguardian.com/society/2008/mar/16/youthjustice.childr-en">http://www.theguardian.com/society/2008/mar/16/youthjustice.childr-en</a> Take one specific well-known case or recent situation from the newspapers or a recent moral panic and consider it from each of the perspectives.

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
the effectiveness	students will be able to:	Getting started activity p125 Activity p133	Webb & Townend , <i>Criminology</i> <i>Book One</i> ,	, ,	Preparing for the exam question p137
criminological	criminological theories to	Evaluating cognitive theories	•	Question p126	
causes of		Activity p137		Question p127	
criminality	,	Evaluating theories of crime		Question p131	
				Question p132	
				Questions p134	
				Question p135	
				Question p136	

Create a wall display assessing the strengths and weaknesses of the theories in terms of explaining crime

Evaluation of labelling theory: <a href="http://www.slideshare.net/smccormac7/labelling-theory?next\_slideshow=1">http://www.slideshare.net/smccormac7/labelling-theory?next\_slideshow=1</a>

Evaluation of biological theories: <a href="http://www.markedbyteachers.com/as-and-a-level/sociology/an-evaluation-on-the-biological-theories-of-crime.html">http://www.markedbyteachers.com/as-and-a-level/sociology/an-evaluation-on-the-biological-theories-of-crime.html</a>

Handout containing an evaluation of Eysenck's theory <a href="http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2\_AQ">http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2\_AQ</a>
<a href="http://www.psychlotron.org/criminological/A2\_AQ">http://www.psychlotron.org/criminological/A2\_AQ</a>
<a href="http://www.psychlotron.org/c

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
4.1 Assess	After studying this Topic,	Getting started activity	Webb &	Activity p143	Preparing for the exam
the use of	students will be able to:	p138	Townend,	Improving	questions p148
criminologica			Criminology	benefits	
	Assess the use of	Activity p139 Treating	Book One,		Requirements
informing	criminological theories in	drug addiction	pp138-148	Activity p147	
policy	informing policy development.			Left and right	Ensure students have a
development	Criminological theories	Activity p140 The		realism	checklist of key terms that they
	· individualistic	ethics of biological			are either provided or ask them
	· biological	policies		Activity p148	to create each lesson.
	· sociological			The	
	Policy development	Activity p140		surveillance	Students need to be presented
	· informal policy making	Psychoanalysis		debate	with exam questions and
	· formal policy making				responses – this will be
	·	Activity p141 Aversion			uploaded on the t-drive with
	o state punishment	therapy			exam tips from the book.
	policies				
		Activity p142 Cognitive			
	1 ,	behavioural therapy			
	of the theories and assess their				
	use in informing policy on	Activity p146 Does			
	crime. This could include, for	prison work?			
	example, penal populism, zero				
	tolerance, CCTV, restorative				
	justice, multi-agency approach.				

Topic	Learning	Class Activities	Resources	Independent	Assessment after each AC.
	Objectives			Activities	

What is social policy? Hold class discussion including which social policies are most important and why?

Consider the theories of criminality and the related crime control policies, which ones have been more successful?

Biological theories - in pairs, one learner to consider the death penalty and the other eugenics. Both to research policy development and then to teach each other their topic.

Individualistic theories - Psychoanalysis: <a href="http://www.simplypsychology.org/psychoanalysis.html">http://www.psychoanalysis.org.uk/about\_psa.htm</a> Harrower, J. [1998]. Applying psychology to crime/. Hodder Stoughton. London

Behaviour modification <a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=e7prKdC99mc">http://www.nij.gov/journals/265/pages/therapy.aspx</a>

Divide the class into small groups who each select a different sociological approach to crime control - groups to prepare a power point presentation on selected method to rest of class. Ideas could include:

Custodial sentences: https://www.howardleague.org/fileadmin/howard\_league/user/pdf/C

onsultations/Response to Breaking the Cycle.pdf http://www.americasquarterly.org/content/harsher-prison- sentences-dont-curb-crime

Non-custodial sentences: http://www.psychlotron.org.uk/newResources/criminological/A2\_AQ B\_crim\_nonCustodial.pdf

Restorative Justice: <a href="http://restorativejustice.org.uk/what-restorative-justice">http://restorativejustice.org.uk/what-restorative-justice</a>

Zero-tolerance - http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/mobile/uk-14531650

CCTV - http://library.college.police.uk/docs/what-works/What-works-briefing-effects-of-CCTV-2013.pdf

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
4.2 Explain how social changes affect policy development	After studying this Topic, students will be able to:  Explain how social changes affect policy development including:  • social values, norms and mores  • public perception of crime  • structure of society e.g. demographic changes  • cultural changes	Getting started activity p149  Activity p149 Norms  Activity p151  Campaigns and changing views  Activity p153  Demographic change and policy	Webb & Townend , <i>Criminology</i> <i>Book One</i> , pp149-155	Activity p155 The impact of cultural change on policy	Preparing for the exam question p155  Requirements Ensure students have a checklist of key terms that they are either provided or ask them to create each lesson.  Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.

Topic	Learning	Class Activities	Resources	Independent	Assessment after each AC.
	Objectives			Activities	

Think like a criminologist: Look for cases or laws that have changed the way that people think about the nature of crime.

Do they reflect changes in the law or do changes in the law reflect changes in the way that people think about crime?

Specific example: The laws regarding homosexuality in the UK. Why were they introduced?

What was the impact on behaviour? Why were they eventually repealed?

How has that impacted on attitudes to homosexuality in the UK? Sources of information:

http://www.stonewall.org.uk/at\_home/history\_of\_lesbian\_gay\_and\_ bisexual\_equality/default.asp

Attitudes to domestic violence has changed significantly over time. <a href="http://www.theguardian.com/society/2013/jan/01/domestic-abuse-changing-conversation">http://www.theguardian.com/society/2013/jan/01/domestic-abuse-changing-conversation</a> and <a href="http://www.womensaid.org.uk/domestic-violence-">http://www.theguardian.com/society/2013/jan/01/domestic-abuse-changing-conversation</a> and <a href="http://www.womensaid.org.uk/domestic-violence-">http://www.theguardian.com/society/2013/jan/01/domestic-abuse-changing-conversation</a> and <a href="http://www.womensaid.org.uk/domestic-violence-">http://www.womensaid.org.uk/domestic-violence-</a>

articles.asp?section=00010001002200400001&itemid=1402

Other useful examples could involve laws relating to Equality Legislation such as the Disability Discrimination Act (DDA)or regulations relating to hate crime.

The impact of the Stephen Lawrence case on policing and racism can be studied:

http://news.bbc.co.uk/hi/english/static/stephen\_lawrence/timeline.ht m and other related news stories can be seen at: http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/special\_report/1999/02/99/stephen\_lawrence/285357.stm

4.3 Discuss	After studying this Topic,	Getting started activity	Webb &	Activity p160	Preparing for the exam question
how	students will be able to:	p156	,	Pressure	p161
campaigns			Criminology	group	
	Discuss how campaigns affect	, , ,	Book One,		Requirements
making	policy making including:	Law	pp156-161		Ensure students have a
	<ul> <li>newspaper campaigns</li> </ul>				checklist of key terms that they
	1	Activity p159 Double			are either provided or ask them
	<ul> <li>pressure group campaigns</li> </ul>	jeopardy			to create each lesson.
	Synoptic links: Students should use their knowledge and understanding of campaigning for change learned through				Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
	Unit 1 to consider its effect on different types of policies.				uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.

Learners research and produce a resource illustrating a local or national campaign that influences policy making at a local or national level.

Law on double jeopardy and changes introduced by Criminal Justice Act 2003. See case of Billy Dunlop <a href="http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/england/tees/5412264.stm">http://news.bbc.co.uk/1/hi/england/tees/5412264.stm</a>

The Child Sex Offenders Disclosure Scheme – as a result of the 'Sarah's Law' campaign <a href="http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-25489541">http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk-25489541</a>

The Domestic Violence Disclosure Scheme – as a result of 'Claire's Law' <a href="http://content.met.police.uk/Article/Domestic-Violence-Disclosure-Scheme---Clares-Law/1400022792812/1400022792812">http://content.met.police.uk/Article/Domestic-Violence-Disclosure-Scheme---Clares-Law/1400022792812/1400022792812</a>

Campaign to introduce an assisted suicide law - see Lord Falconer's Bill <a href="http://services.parliament.uk/bills/2014-15/assisteddying.html">http://services.parliament.uk/bills/2014-15/assisteddying.html</a>

## Synoptic links:

Learners should use their knowledge and understanding of campaigning for change learned through Unit 1 to consider its effect on different types of policies. Exam question application

Topic	Learning Objectives	Class Activities	Resources	Independent Activities	Assessment after each AC.
the Unit 2 exam	After studying this Topic, students will be able to:  Be prepared for the unit 2 exam	Get organised p162	Webb & Townend, <i>Criminology</i> <i>Book One</i> , pp162-163	Practice exam paper	Practice exam paper p163  Requirements Ensure students have a checklist of key terms that they are either provided or ask them to create each lesson.  Students need to be presented with exam questions and responses – this will be uploaded on the t-drive with exam tips from the book.